UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
J. A. Krug, Secretary
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
Newton B. Drury, Director

REVISED AND REPRINTED BY: UNITED STATES TRAVEL DIVISION
JUNE 30, 1948

RECREATIONAL AREAS
OF THE UNITED STATES

UNDER FEDERAL OR STATE ADMINISTRATION

Scale of Miles
0 50 100 150

LEGEND

- NATIONAL PARKS, MONUMENTS, AND OTHER AREAS — U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
- NATIONAL PARKWAYS — Projected or under construction
- RECREATIONAL AREAS — Administered by the National Park Service for other Federal Agencies
- NATIONAL HISTORIC SITES — Administered by the Service but not under the Federal Government
- INDIAN RESERVATIONS — U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
- NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGES — U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE
- RECLAMATION DAMS AND RESERVOIRS — U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, BUREAU OF RECLAMATION
- TVA DAMS AND RESERVOIRS
- TVA RECREATIONAL AREAS — TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY
- NATIONAL FORESTS — U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, FOREST SERVICE
- STATE PARKS AND RECREATIONAL AREAS — Note: The names and characteristics of these areas are found on the other side of this map.
- MAIN HIGHWAYS CONNECTING NATIONAL PARK SERVICE AREAS — 19 U.S. HIGHWAY NUMBERS
- MAIN HIGHWAYS CONNECTING STATE RECREATIONAL AREAS — 28 STATE HIGHWAY NUMBERS
- TRAILS

NOTE: THE SKELETON HIGHWAY SYSTEM ON THIS MAP WILL BE OF ASSISTANCE IN LOCATING POINTS OF INTEREST ON REGULAR HIGHWAY, RAILROAD, AND AIRLINE TRAVEL MAPS. WE DO NOT ADVISE USING THIS MAP FOR TRIP ROUTING PURPOSES.

National Park Service areas as of June 30, 1948
State Parks and other areas as of January 1, 1948

ALEUTIAN ISLANDS

ALASKA

HAWAIIAN ARCHIPELAGO

HAWAIIAN ISLANDS

WASHINGTON, D. C. AND VICINITY
National Memorials

UNITED PUEBLOS
(Exclusive of Zuñi)

PUERTO RICO AND VIRGIN ISLANDS
WEST INDIES

Revised June 1948

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR - DIVISION OF GEOGRAPHY

Thomas # 53

RECREATIONAL AREAS of the UNITED STATES

Under Federal or State Administration
Revised June 30, 1948, and reissued by the

UNITED STATES TRAVEL DIVISION
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

The United States and its territories have among their natural resources a great variety of scenic, scientific, and historic interests which provide unlimited possibilities for recreation and travel. Many of these attractions are not too well known to the public. The purpose of this map is to name and locate briefly the principal national interest which are under Federal or State administration. The map should be used primarily for reference. Descriptive literature may be obtained by writing to the agencies responsible for the administration of the individual areas. The map is not designed for trip routing purposes, but the skeleton road system, which has been included, will be of assistance in locating points of interest on highway, bus, railroad, and airline maps.

There are countless travel attractions in the United States not included in the scope of this map and general travel literature and information may be obtained by writing the following agencies:

Alabama—Division of Records and Reports, State of Alabama, Montgomery 5, Ala.
Alaska—Alaska Development Board, P. O. Box 50, Juneau, Alaska.
Arizona—Division of Publications and Travel, State Highway Department, Phoenix, Ariz.
Arkansas—Arkansas Resources and Development Commission, 104 State Capitol, Little Rock, Ark.
California—California State Chamber of Commerce, San Francisco, Calif.
Colorado—Colorado State Advertising and Publicity Department, Denver, Colo.
Connecticut—Connecticut Development Commission, Hartford, Conn.
Delaware—Legislative Reference Bureau of Delaware, Dover, Del.
District of Columbia—Executive Natural Capital Committee, Board of Trade, Washington, D. C.
Florida—Florida State Advertising Commission, Tallahassee, Fla.
Georgia—Agricultural and Industrial Development Board of Georgia, 100 State Capitol, Atlanta 3, Ga.
Hawaii—Hawaii Visitors Bureau, Dillingham Building, 735 Bishop Street, Honolulu, T. H.
Idaho—State Board of Publicity, 441 Yates Building, Boise, Idaho.
Illinois—Illinois Development Council, Department of Finance, Springfield, Ill.
Indiana—Division of State Publicity, Department of Commerce and Public Relations, Indianapolis, Ind.
Iowa—Iowa Development Commission, 708 Central National Insurance Building, Des Moines 9, Iowa.
Kansas—Kansas Industrial Development Commission, Topeka, Kans.
Kentucky—Division of Publicity, State Conservation Department, Frankfort, Ky.
Louisiana—Louisiana Tourist Bureau, Baton Rouge, La.
Maine—Maine Development Commission, Augusta, Maine.
Maryland—Department of Information, Court of Appeals Building, Annapolis, Md.
Massachusetts—Massachusetts Development and Industrial Commission, Boston, Mass.
Michigan—Michigan Tourist Council, 114 South Walnut Street, Lansing 1, Mich.
Minnesota—Division of Publicity, State Capitol, St. Paul 1, Minn.
Mississippi—Mississippi Agricultural Industrial Board, Jackson, Miss.
Missouri—Missouri State Department of Resources and Development, Jefferson City, Mo.
Montana—Montana Highway Commission, Helena, Mont.
Nebraska—Nebraska Resources Foundation, Box 158, State House, Lincoln, Nebr.
Nevada—State Highway Engineer, Department of Highways, Carson City, Nev.
New Hampshire—Publicity Director, State Planning and Development Commission, Concord, N. H.
New Jersey—New Jersey Council, Department of Economic Development, Trenton, N. J.
New Mexico—New Mexico State Tourist Bureau, State Highway Department, Santa Fe, N. Mex.
New York—New York State Department of Commerce, Division of State Publicity, Albany N. Y.
North Carolina—North Carolina Advertising Division; Department of Conservation and Development, Raleigh, N. C.
North Dakota—State Highway Commission, Bismarck, N. Dak.
Ohio—Ohio Development and Publicity Commission, Columbus, Ohio.
Oklahoma—Oklahoma Planning and Resources Board, Oklahoma City, Okla.
Oregon—Travel Information Department, State Highway Commission, Salem, Oreg.
Pennsylvania—Vacation and Recreational Bureau, Department of Commerce, Harrisburg, Pa.
Puerto Rico—Office of Tourism, Puerto Rico Industrial Development Co., Box 3908, San Juan, P. R.
Rhode Island—Secretary of State, State House, Providence 2, R. I.
South Carolina—Research Planning and Development Board, Columbia, S. C.
South Dakota—Publicity Director, State Highway Commission, Pierre, S. Dak.
Tennessee—Division of State Information, Department of Conservation, Nashville, Tenn.
Texas—Texas State Highway Department, Austin 26, Tex.
Utah—State Department of Publicity and Industrial Development, Salt Lake County Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Vermont—Publicity Director, Vermont Development Commission, Montpelier, Vt.
Virginia—Commission of Publicity and Advertising, Virginia Conservation Commission, Richmond, Va.
Virgin Islands—Virgin Islands Development Board, Box 509, Charlotte Amalie, St. Thomas, Virgin Islands.
Washington—State of Washington, Department of Conservation and Development, Olympia, Wash.
West Virginia—Industrial and Publicity Commission, State Capitol, Charleston 5, W. Va.
Wisconsin—Recreational Publicity Division, Conservation Department, Madison, Wis.
Wyoming—Industrial and Industry Commission, Capitol Building, Cheyenne, Wyo.

NATIONAL PARK SYSTEM

The National Park Service was established by Act of Congress, August 25, 1916, as a bureau in the Department of the Interior, for the purpose of administering the national parks and monuments of the United States. The Service is directed to conserve the scenery, the natural and historic objects, and the wild life in such a manner that they will be unimpaired for the enjoyment of present and future generations.

In carrying out this mandate, the Service has constructed roads, trails, and first public campsites wherever necessary. Other facilities, including hotels, cabins, lodges, and bus transportation, are provided in the larger areas by private concessioners. The Federal Government does not operate these public accommodations or transportation. Rangers protect the parks from fire and acts of vandalism, direct road traffic, and perform many other services. Naturalists or historians give talks and lead nature tours, and this service is supplemented by many museums.

Moderate fees are charged in some areas for use of guides, admission, or motor permits. These fees have been established by the Secretary of the Interior, and the expense of administration should be borne by those who use the parks.

Rules and regulations, one must observe in the parks, are those of good manners and are for the protection of the natural features and the visitors. There is fishing in many areas (governed usually by State laws and licenses), but hunting is not permitted.

Descriptive literature or information on the parks may be obtained from the superintendent of each area, or from the Director, National Park Service, Interior Department Building, Washington 25, D. C. Regional offices are located in Richmond, Va.; Omaha, Nebr., Santa Fe, N. Mex., and San Francisco, Calif.

On June 30, 1948, the national park system contained 174 areas embracing a total of 20,816,699 acres of land in Federal ownership. These areas are divided into a number of different categories in accordance with their chief interest.

In the first battle to withdraw the name of the national park areas; the States in which they are located; the year the area was added (in parentheses); the size of the area in acres; and brief descriptions of the areas follow:

NATIONAL PARKS

Acadia, Maine (1919), 28,308. Rugged coastal area on Mount Desert Island and nearby mainland.

Big Bend, Texas (1944), 691,339. Mountains and desert in the great bend of the Rio Grande.

Bryce Canyon, Utah (1928), 36,010. Grotesque fairyland of colorful limestone formations.

Carlsbad Caverns, N. Mex. (1930), 45,527. Vast caverns with magnificent stone and curious formations.

Crater Lake, Oreg. (1902), 160,290. Deep blue lake in heart of extinct volcano.

Everglades, Fla., (1947), 271,008. Subtropical swamps and prairies. Rich bird and animal life.

Glacier, Mont. (1910), 997,746. Rocky mountain scenery with 60 glaciers and the Chief Mountain-Glacier International Peace Park established, 1932.

Grand Canyon, Ariz. (1919), 645,296. Mile deep gorge. World's most titanic example of erosion.

Grand Teton, Wyo. (1929), 96,043. Majestic peaks. Jackson Hole bison herd, an unequaled wildlife scene.

Great Smoky Mountains, N. C.-Tenn. (1930), 460,004. Lofty mountain scenery and Indian lore. Virgin forests.

Hawaii, T. H. (1916), 173,405. Active volcanoes, tropical vegetation, lava forests.

Hot Springs, Ark. (1921), 1,019. Forty-seven mineral hot springs said to have therapeutic value.

Isle Royale, Mich. (1940), 133,839. Great wilderness island in Lake Superior; moose herd.

Kings Canyon, Calif. (1940), 452,505. Mountains, canyons, groves of giant sequoias.

Lassen Volcanic, Calif. (1916), 103,269. Only recently active volcano in United States proper.

Mammoth Cave, Ky. (1926), 50,595. Historic series of caverns. Underground river.

Mesa Verde, Colo. (1908), 51,018. Large number of Indian cliff dwellings and other ruins.

Mount McKinley, Alaska (1917), 1,939,319. Highest mountain in North America. Big game and bus transportation.

Mount Rainier, Wash. (1899), 241,515. Greatest single peak glacial system in United States. Sub-alpine flowers.

Olympic, Wash. (1938), 946,719. Mountain wilderness, rain forests, Roosevelt elk.

Platt, Okla. (1906), 912. Cold mineral springs with distinctive properties.

Rocky Mountain, Colo. (1915), 252,788. Magnificent section of Rocky Mountains.

Sequoia, Calif. (1890), 385,100. Groves of giant sequoias, and Mount Whitney, highest in United States.

Shenandoah, Va., (1935), 193,473. Scenic portion of Blue Ridge Mountains with Skyline Drive.

Wind Cave, S. Dak. (1903), 26,583. Limestone caverns in Black Hills, buffalo herd.

Yellowstone, Wyo.-Mont.-Idaho (1872), 2,213,207. World's greatest geyser area; spectacular falls and canyon; lakes; abundant wildlife.

Yosemite, Calif. (1890), 756,441. Inspiring gorge with sheer granite cliffs; waterfalls, three groves of giant sequoias; high sierras.

Zion, Utah (1919), 94,241. Multicolored gorge in southern Utah's desert and canyon country.

NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARKS

Abraham Lincoln, Ky. (1959), 117. Log cabin believed to be that in which Lincoln was born; to memorial building on site of his birthplace.

Chalmette, La. (1939), 33. Part of ground on which was fought the battle of New Orleans.

Colonial, Va. (1936), 7,233. Jamestown Island, site first permanent English settlement in America; Yorktown, scene American victory over Cornwallis.

Morristown, N. J. (1933), 958. Site of military encampment during Revolutionary War.

Saratoga, N. Y. (1948), 1,965. Scene American victory over British General Burgoyne, 1777.

NATIONAL MONUMENTS

Ackia Battleground, Miss. (1938), 49. Site of Chickasaw Indian Village and a Colonial battle.

Andrew Johnson, Tenn., (1942), 17. President Andrew Johnson's home, tailor shop, and grave.

Appomattox Court House, Va. (1940), 968. Scene of Lee's surrender to Grant, April 9, 1865.

Arches, Utah (1929), 33,119. Extraordinary examples of erosion in form of giant arches.

Aztec Ruins, N. Mex. (1923), 27. Ruins of prehistoric Indian town built in terraces, an unequaled ruin.

Badlands, S. Dak. (1939), 122,372. Weirdly eroded area containing extensive fossil deposits, virgin forests.

Bandelier, N. Mex. (1916), 27,049. Ruins of prehistoric Indian homes.

Big Hole Battlefield, Mont. (1910), 200. Site of battle fought during retreat of Chief Joseph.

Black Canyon of the Gunnison, Colo. (1933), 13,176. Deep canyon of great granite interest.

Cabrillo, Calif. (1913), 1. Memorial to Juan Rodriguez Cabrillo's discovery of this area, 1542.

Canyon de Chelly, Ariz. (1931), 83,840. Indian ruins in caves in sheer canyon walls.

Capitol Reef, Utah (1937), 33,069. Twenty-mile-long sandstone cliff of Gothic appearance.

Capulin Mountain, N. Mex. (1916), 680. Cone of a recently extinct volcano.

Casa Grande, Ariz. (1918), 473. Ruined adobe tower built by Indian farmers of prehistoric times.

Castillo de San Marcos, Fla. (1924), 19. Oldest masonry fort in United States built by Spanish.

Castle Pinckney, S. C. (1924), 4. Part of early defenses of Charleston Harbor.

Cedar Breaks, Utah (1933), 6,172. Spectacular natural amphitheater with pink rock walls.

Chaco Canyon, N. Mex. (1907), 18,039. Indian ruins representing a unique culture.

Channel Islands, Calif. (1938), 1,120. Sea-lion rookery; fossil remains.

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Meriwether Lewis, Tenn. (1935), 300. Burial place of leader of Lewis and Clark Expedition.

Monocacy, Md. (1934), 1,647. Battle of 1864.

Mound City Group, Ohio (1923), 57. Famous group of prehistoric Indian mounds.

Muir Woods, Calif. (1908), 425. Virgin stand of Coast Redwoods, tallest of living things.

Natural Bridges, Utah (1908), 2,050. Three giant natural bridges eroded out of sandstone.

Navajo, Ariz. (1909), 360. Three of the largest and most elaborate of known cliff dwellings.

Ocmulgee, Ga. (1936), 683. Council chamber, ceremonial mounds, and earthlodge.

Old Kasaan, Alaska (1916), 38. Site of an abandoned Haida Indian village.

Oregon Caves, Oreg. (1909), 480. Caves in limestone formation of great variety and beauty.

Father Millet Cross, N. Y. (1925). Memorial cross in memory of Father Pierre Millet.

Fort Frederica, Ga. (1945), 75. Built, 1736, during struggle between Spain and England.

Fort Jefferson, Fla. (1935), 87. Built, 1846, to control Florida Straits; bird and game life.

Fort Laramie, Wyo. (1938), 214. Military post on route of Mormon and Oregon Trail.

Fort Matanzas, Fla., (1924), 228. Spanish fort built in 1737 for protection of St. Augustine.

Fort McHenry, Md. (1939), 48. Defense, 1814, inspired writing of Star Spangled Banner.

Fort Pulaski, Ga. (1924), 5,427. Used in defense of Savannah during War between the States.

Fort Sumter, S. C., (1948), 2. Capture of this fort in Charleston Harbor by Confederates early in 1861 marked the beginning of the War Between the States.

Fossil Cycad, S. Dak. (1922), 320. Fossil beds. Unexplored.

George Washington Birthplace, Va. (1930), 394. Memorial mansion on site of birthplace.

Gila Cliff Dwellings, N. Mex. (1907), 160. Cliff dwellings of the Mogollon culture.

Glacier Bay, Alaska (1925), 2,297,456. Great tidewater glaciers and post-glacial forests.

Grand Canyon, Ariz. (1932), 196,051. Part of Grand Canyon of the Colorado River.

Gran Quivira, N. Mex. (1909), 451. Site of 17th century Spanish mission.

Great Sand Dunes, Colo. (1932), 35,908. Among highest and largest sand-drifting dunes in United States.

Hovenweep, Utah-Colo. (1923), 1,920. Three cliff dwellings of the Mesa Verde culture.

Jewel Cave, S. Dak. (1908), 1,275. Cave decorated with fine calcite growth.

Joshua Tree, Calif. (1936), 655,961. Fine stand of the rare Joshua tree.

Katmai, Alaska (1918), 2,697,590. Dying volcano region; valley of the Ten Thousand Smokes.

Lava Beds, Calif. (1925), 46,028. Scene of Modoc Indian War of 1872-73.

Lehman Caves, Nev. (1922), 640. Caves of light gray and white limestone.

Lewis and Clark, Oreg. (1905), 3,600. Forest and stream area.

Mammoth Cave, Ky. (1926), 50,595. Historic series of caverns. Underground river.

Mesa Verde, Colo. (1908), 51,018. Large number of Indian cliff dwellings and other ruins.

Mount McKinley, Alaska (1917), 1,939,319. Highest mountain in North America. Big game and bus transportation.

Mount Rainier, Wash. (1899), 241,515. Greatest single peak glacial system in United States. Sub-alpine flowers.

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Shenandoah, Va., (1935), 193,473. Scenic portion of Blue Ridge Mountains with Skyline Drive.

NATIONAL MILITARY PARKS

Chickamauga and Chattanooga, Ga.-Tenn. (1890), 8,149. Civil War battlefields around Chattanooga.

Fort Donelson, Tenn., (1928), 103. In capturing this fort in 1862, Grant earned sobriquet "Unconditional Surrender Grant."

Fredericksburg and Spotsylvania, Va. (1927), 2,421. Important Civil War battlefields.

Gettysburg, Pa. (1895), 2,963. On this battlefield the tide turned against Confederate arms.

Guilford Courthouse, N. C. (1917), 149. Commemorates Revolutionary battle, March 15, 1781.

Kings Mountain, S. C. (1931), 4,012. Site of 1780 victory of American frontiersmen over British.

Moores Creek, N. C., (1926), 30. Scene of battle between Whigs and Tories in 1776.

Petersburg, Va., (1926), 1,325. Scene of the siege of Petersburg, 1864-65.

Shiloh, Tenn. (1894), 3,729. Scene of Union victory in one of cruelest battles of Civil War.

Stones River, Tenn. (1927), 324. Scene of bloody Civil War engagement, 1862.

Vicksburg, Miss. (1899), 1,328. Scene of 47-day siege, which ended in a Union victory.

NATIONAL BATTLEFIELD PARKS

Kennesaw Mountain, Ga. (1947), 3,094. Important Civil War battle in Sherman's Atlanta Campaign.

Richmond, Va., (1944), 643. Site of several battles in defense of Richmond during Civil War.

NATIONAL MEMORIAL PARK

Theodore Roosevelt, N. Dak. (1947), 58,341. Interesting badlands and part of Roosevelt ranch.

NATIONAL BATTLEFIELD SITES

Antietam, Md. (1890), 183. Battle which ended Lee's first invasion of the North, 1862.

Brices Cross Roads, Miss. (1929), 1. Battle in which Forrest's cavalry took part, June 10, 1864.

Camparos, S. C. (1949), 1. Site of Daniel Morgan's victory over the British on June 17, 1781.

Fort Necessity, Pa. (1931), 2. Scene of the opening battle of the French and Indian War.

Tupelo, Miss., (1929), 1. Commemorates Battle of Tupelo, July 13, 1864.

Tuzigoot, Ariz. (1939), 43. Excavated ruins of a prehistoric pueblo typical for sub-desert Indians.

Verendrye, N. Dak. (1917), 253. Commemorates the Verendrye explorations in North Dakota.

Walnut Canyon, Ariz. (1915), 1,642. Cliff dwellings in shallow caves built 1,000 years ago.

Wheeler, Colo. (1909), 300. An extinct volcanic region with pinnacles and gorges.

White Sands, N. Mex. (1933), 140,247. Glistening white gypsum sand drifting into high dunes.

Whitman, Wash. (1940), 46. Site of Indian mission and massacre of Whitman family.

Wupatki, Ariz. (1933), 34,853. Red sandstone pueblo built by semisettled Indians.

Yucca House, Colo. (1919), 10. Remnants of a once thriving prehistoric Indian village.

Zion, Utah (1937), 33,921. Colorful Kolob Canyon and famous Hurricane Fault.

STATE PARKS AND RECREATIONAL AREAS

Most of the States have developed systems of State parks, recreational areas, and historic sites, and have made available for recreational purposes certain portions of State owned forests. Lands in the United States utilized in this manner total approximately 7,640,000 acres. Many of these areas are of unusual significance and would be of interest to out of State travelers.

Numbers preceding the names of State areas listed below correspond to numbers on the face of the map. Where two or more areas are given the same number on the map, the areas are relatively close together. The acreage of each area follows its name in parentheses. The general character and principal facilities and activities are shown by the following letters and symbols:

State Park	SP
State Forest	SF
Recreational Area	RA
Historic Sites	HS
Hotel or Lodge	
Cabins	
Camping (Tent or Trailer)	
Swimming	
Fishing	
Boating	
Riding	

For additional information pertaining to the State areas listed below and other areas not listed write to the following agencies:

Alabama—Division of State Parks, Monuments, and Historic Sites, Department of Conservation, Montgomery 4, Ala.
Arizona—Arizona Game and Fish Commission, Arizona State Building, Phoenix, Ariz.
Arkansas—Division of Forestry and Parks, Arkansas Resources and Development Commission, P. O. Box 1040, Little Rock, Ark.
California—Division of Beaches and Parks, Department of Natural Resources, 1211 16th Street, Sacramento 14, Calif.
Connecticut—State Park and Forest Commission, P. O. Drawer 1552, Hartford, Conn.
Delaware—State Park Commission, 225 State Street, Dover, Del.
Florida—Florida Park Service, P. O. Box 1200, Tallahassee, Fla.
Georgia—Department of State Parks, 418 State Capitol, Atlanta 3, Ga.
Idaho—Department of Public Works, State Capitol, Boise, Idaho.
Illinois—Division of Parks and Memorials, 604 Armory Building, Springfield, Ill.
Indiana—Division of State Parks, Lands, and Waters, 405 State Library Building, Indianapolis 9, Ind.
Iowa—Division of Lands and Waters, Iowa State Conservation Commission, 914 Grand Ave., Des Moines 8, Iowa.
Kansas—Forestry, Fish and Game Commission, Pratt, Kans.
Kentucky—Department of Conservation, New State Office Building, Frankfort, Ky.
Louisiana—State Parks Commission, 218 Balter Building, New Orleans 12, La.
Maine—Forest Park Commission, State House, Augusta, Maine.
Maryland—Department of State Forests and Parks, State Office Building, Annapolis, Md.
Massachusetts—Division of Parks and Recreation, Department of Conservation, 15 Ashburton Place, Boston 18, Mass.
Michigan—Parks and Recreation Division, Department of Conservation, 400 Buckley Building, Lansing, Mich.
Minnesota—Division of State Parks, State Office Building, St. Paul 1, Minn.
Mississippi—Mississippi Forest and Park Service, Five Federal Savings and Loan Building, Jackson, Miss.
Missouri—State Park Board, Monroe Building, Jefferson City, Mo.
Montana—Montana State Park Commission, Box 308, Bozeman, Mont.
Nebraska—Game, Forestation and Parks Commission, Lincoln 1, Nebr.
Nevada—Nevada State Park Commission, Heroes Memorial Building, Carson City, Nev.
New Hampshire—Forestry and Recreation Department, Concord, N. H.
New Jersey—Department of Conservation and Economic Development, Trenton, N. J.
New Mexico—State Park Board, Box 958, Santa Fe, N. Mex.
New York—Conservation Department, Arcade Building, Albany 7, N. Y.
North Carolina—Division of Forestry and Parks, 204 State Educational Building, Raleigh, N. C.
North Dakota—State Historical Society of North Dakota, Bismarck, N. Dak.
Ohio—Inland Lakes and Parks Section, Division of Conservation and Natural Resources, 1106 State Office Building, Columbus, Ohio.
Oklahoma—Division of Recreation and State Parks, Oklahoma Planning and Resources Board, State Capitol Building, Oklahoma City 5, Okla.
Oregon—State Parks Department, Oregon State Highway Commission, Public Service Building, Salem, Oreg.
Pennsylvania—Bureau of Parks, Department of Forests and Waters, Harrisburg, Pa.
Rhode Island—Division of Forests and Parks, Department of Agriculture and Conservation, 18 State House, Providence 3, R. I.
South Carolina—Division of State Parks, South Carolina State Commission of Forestry, 506 Calhoun State Office Building, Columbia, S. C.
South Dakota—South Dakota Department of Game, Fish, and Parks, Pierre, S. Dak.
Tennessee—Division of State Parks, Department of Conservation, Nashville 3, Tenn.
Texas—Texas State Parks Board, 106 East Thirteenth Street, Austin, Tex.
Utah—Department of Publicity and Industrial Development, 123 Atlas Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Vermont—Vermont Forest Service, Montpelier, Vt.
Virginia—Division of Parks, Virginia Conservation Commission, Law Insurance Co. of Va. Building, Richmond 19, Va.
Washington—State Parks and Recreation Commission, Administration Bldg., Olympia, Wash.
West Virginia—Division of State Parks, Conservation Commission, Charleston, W. Va.
Wisconsin—Forests and Parks Division, Wisconsin Conservation Department, State Office Building, Madison 2, Wis.
Wyoming—Commerce and Industry Commission, Capitol Building, Cheyenne, Wyo.

ALABAMA

Parks, 11; monuments, 2; historic sites, 5; forests, 8. Total area, 81,526 acres

1. Weogufka SF (803).
2. Bladen Springs SP (337). Undeveloped.
3. Cedar Creek HS (660).
4. Chattahoochee SP (596).
5. Cheaha SP (2,679).
6. Chewacla SP (852).
7. Chickasaw SP (560).
8. De Soto SP (4,650). Golf.
9. Fort Toulouse HS (20). Memorial.
10. Gulf SP (4,681).
11. Chocolocco SF (4,308).
12. Fort Gaines HS (8). 19th century fort.
13. Little River SF (2,120).
14. Monte Sano SP (2,140).
15. Oak Mountain SP (9,000).
16. Seminary SP (120). Golf.
17. Fort Morgan HS (435). Brick fort.
18. Mound State Monument (298). Museum.

ARIZONA

State parks, 0; recreational areas, 2. Total area, 10,340 acres

1. Papago RA (1,140). Fish hatchery.
2. Saguaro Forest RA[1] (8,960). Desert.

ARKANSAS

Parks, 8; wildlife preserves, 1. Total area, 30,079 acres

1. Arkansas Post SP (61). Early settlement.
2. Donaghey SP (20). Undeveloped.
3. Hampson Archeological Museum SP (270).
4. Devil's Den SP (4,885).
5. Lake Catherine SP (2,179).
6. Mount Nebo SP (1,385).
7. Petit Jean SP (4,031).
8. Buffalo River SP (1,948).

CALIFORNIA

Parks and beaches, 61; wildlife areas, 1; historic monuments, 186. Total area, 522,019 acres

1. Mill Creek Redwoods SP (8,768).
2. Del Norte Coast Redwoods SP (5,897).
3. Prairie Creek Redwoods SP (6,468).
4. Dry Lagoon Beach SP (907).
5. Patricks Point SP (420).
6. Trinidad Beach SP (20).
7. Little River Beach SP (111).
8. Humboldt Redwoods SP (21,232).
9. Castle Crags SP (3,477).
10. McArthur-Burney Falls SP (355).
11. Rosian Gulch SP (1,000).
12. Mendocino Woodlands SF (5,426).
13. Van Damme Beach SP (1,729).
14. Montgomery Woods SP (952).
15. Tahoe Campground (13).
16. D. L. Bliss Memorial (957).
17. Donner HS (16). Memorial.
18. Marshall HS (23). Memorial.
19. Gold Discovery HS (9). Sutter's Mill.
20. Kruse Rhododendron Reserve (317). May-June.
21. Fort Ross HS (3). Site of Russian Fort.
22. Armstrong Redwoods SP (400).
23. Sonoma Coast SP (699).
24. Jack London HS (20). Memorial.
25. Sonoma Mission HS (1).
26. Samuel P. Taylor SP (2,325).
27. Mount Tamalpais SP (883). View.
28. Mount Diablo SP (2,084). View.
29. James D. Phelan Beach SP (6).
30. Portola SP (1,662). Mountains and forest.
31. Big Basin Redwoods SP (3,997).
32. Henry Cowell Redwoods SP (1,724).
33. Andrew Molera SP (408,879).
34. Carlsbad Beach SP (10).
35. Carpinteria Beach SP (13).
36. Gaviota SP (603).
37. Point Mugu SP (2,983).
38. Santa Monica Beach SP (26).
39. Topanga Beach SP (144).
40. Will Rogers SP (20).
41. Manhattan Beach (Los Angeles).
42. Alamitos Beach SP (11).
43. Huntington Beach SP (2).
44. Doheny Beach SP (17).
45. San Clemente Beach SP (100).
46. Mount San Jacinto SP (12,708).
47. Palomar Mountain SP[1] (1,684).
48. Anza Desert SP (408,879).
49. Cuyamaca Rancho SP (2,819).
50. Mission Bay SP (90).
51. Silver Strand SP (215).

CONNECTICUT

Parks, 55; monuments and memorials, 9; waysides, 145. Total area, 15,743 acres

1. Bolton Notch SP (70).
2. Burtonhall SP (135).
3. Gay City SP (600).
4. Mashamoquet Brook SP (53).
5. Nathaniel Lyon Memorial SP (216).
6. Old Furnace SP (15).
7. Wolf Den SP (353).
8. Black Pond SP (100).
9. Devils Hopyard SP (860).
10. Fort Shantok SP (57).
11. Gillette Castle SP (122). Museum.
12. Haddam Meadows SP (158).
13. Hopeville Pond SP (1,000).
14. Hurd Park (568). Scenic.
15. Rocky Neck SP (560).
16. Selden Neck SP (527).
17. Trimountain SP (127). Scenic.
18. Wadsworth Falls SP (285).
19. Fort Griswold HS (40).
20. Hammonasset Beach SP (986).
21. Sleeping Giant SP (1,071). Scenic.
22. South Ford Falls SP (55).

[1] *Property of University of Arizona located within archaeological boundaries of Saguaro National Monument.*

[1] *Winter sports.*

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INDIANA

Parks, 14; monuments, 10; forests, 13; waysides, 96. Total area, 169,279 acres

1. Indiana Dunes SP (2,182).
2. Pokagon SP (1,200).
3. Bass Lake SP (8).
   Tippecanoe River SP (6,336).
4. Mounds SP (252).
5. Turkey Run SP (1,520).
6. McCormicks Creek SP (1,135).
7. Shakamak SP (1,016).
8. Brown County SP (15,697).
9. Versailles SP (5,204).
10. Spring Mill SP (1,165).
11. Clifty Falls SP (1,452).
    Muscatuk SP (201).
    J. F. D. Lanier Home HS.
    Pigeon Roost Memorial HS (5).
12. Lincoln SP (1,200). Historic.
    Angel Mounds Memorial (421). Indian site.
13. Tippecanoe Battleground HS (17).

IOWA

Parks, 16; recreational reserves, 42; monuments, 12; parkways, 1; forests, 11; waysides, 81. Total area, 55,588 acres

1. Backbone SP[1] (1,411).
2. Geode SP (844). Rock formations.
3. Nine Eagles SP (1,139). Undeveloped.
4. Beeds Lake SP (890). Scenic.
5. Bellevue RA (146). Golf.
6. Mill Creek RA (158). Polo.
7. Black Hawk Lake RA (173).
8. Pleasant Creek RA (503). Scenic.
9. Ambrose A. Call RA (130).
10. Union Grove RA (270).
11. Clear Lake RA (727). Sports.
12. Cold Spring, RA (60).
13. Dolliver SP (598).
14. Eagle Lake RA (213). Bird life.
15. Echo Valley SP (582).
16. Farmington RA (127).
17. Wildcat Den SP (322).
18. Wilhelmi SP (200).
19. Fort Defiance RA[1] (284).
20. Gitchie Manitou HS (144). Indian site.
21. Heery Woods RA (580).
22. Lacey-Keosauqua SP (833).
23. Lake Ahquabi SP (770).
24. Lake Keomah RA (365).
25. Lake Macbride SP (773).
26. Lake Manawa RA (945).
27. Lake of Three Fires RA (386).
28. Lake Wapello SP (1,130).
29. Ledges SP (793).
30. Wapsipinicon RA (249). Golf.
31. Lewis and Clark RA (142).
32. Lost Island RA (283).
33. Maquoketa Caves (511). Caverns.

34. McGregor Area SP (538). Indian site.
35. Oak Grove RA (502). Golf.
36. Oakland Mills RA (211).
37. Okamanpedan RA (19). Golf.
38. Gull Point RA (59).
    Pikes Point RA (5).
    Pillsbury Point RA (6).
39. Mini-Wakan RA (20).
40. Walnut Woods SP (1,500).
41. Springbrook SP (720).
42. Stone SP[1] (881).
43. Pilot Knob-Kepler SP (948).
44. Pammel RA (286).
45. Twin Lakes RA (19).
46. Pilot Knob SP (368).
47. Pine Lake RA[1] (648).
48. Trappers Bay RA (57).
49. Red Haw Hill RA (419).
50. Red Oak Lake RA (46).
51. Rush Lake RA (62).
52. Sharon Bluffs RA (144). Scenic.
53. Swan Lake RA (230).
54. Storm Lake RA (18).

KANSAS

Parks, 22; forests, 1; game preserves, 2; waysides, 23. Total area, 39,734 acres

1. Crawford County No. 1 SP (418).
2. Butler County SP (568).
3. Clark County SP (1,289). Scenic.
4. Cowley County No. 1 SP (646).
5. Decatur County SP (98). Lake.
   Oberlin-Sappa County SP (481).
6. Barton County SP (18,000).
7. Finney County SP (1,500). Scenic.
8. Miami County SP (277).
9. Woodson County SP (445).
10. Kingman County SP (1,562).
    Kingman SF (1,600).
11. Leavenworth County SP (900).
12. Lyon County SP (582).
13. Meade County SP (1,240).
14. Nemaha County SP (705).
15. Neosho County SP (216).
16. Osage County SP (731).
17. Pottawatomie County SP (100).
18. Republic County SP (1,064). Lake.
19. Rooks County SP (1,280).
20. Scott County SP (1,280).
21. Sheridan County SP (458).

KENTUCKY

Parks, 15; historic sites, 6; recreational areas, 1. Total area, 35,581 acres

1. Audubon SP (320). Museum.
2. Carter Caves SP (939). Caverns.
3. Butler SP (421).
4. Columbus-Belmont SP (361).